

遗留系统的架构重构

@凉粉小刀





促进软件开发领域知识与创新的传播



关注InfoQ官方信息 及时获取移动大会演讲 视频信息



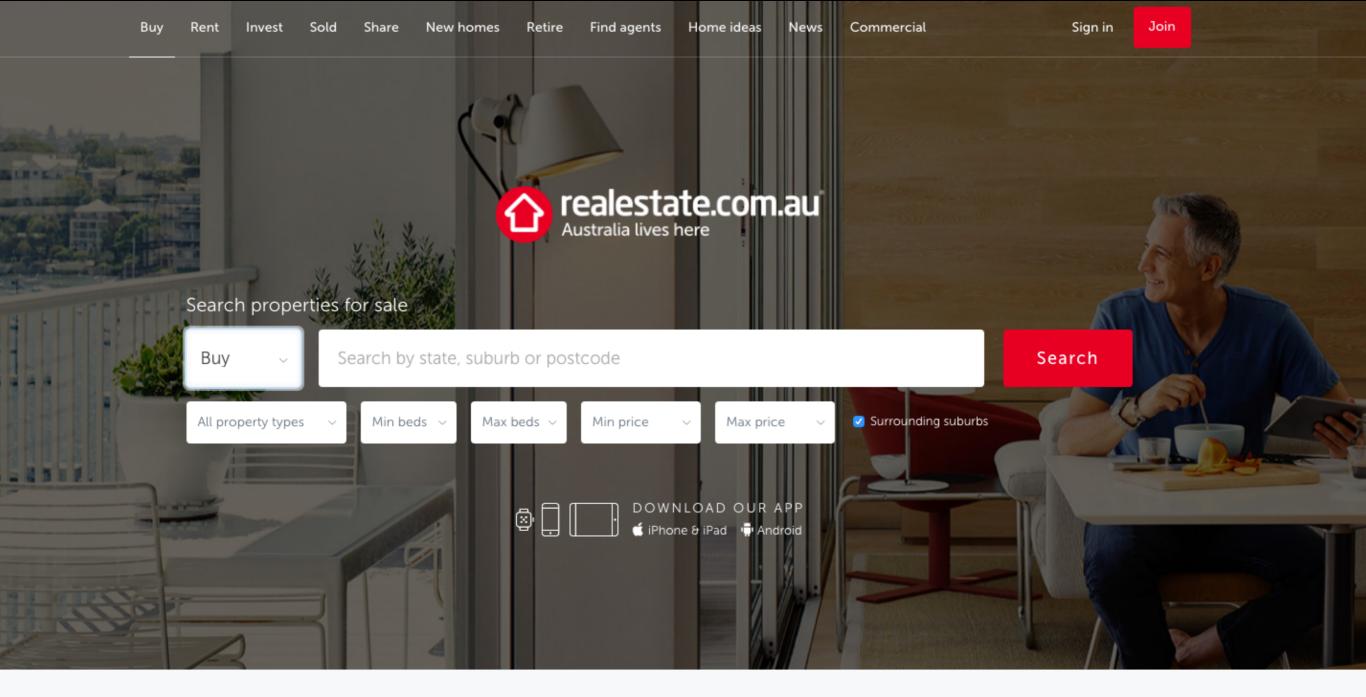
[深圳站] 2016年07月15-16日

咨询热线: 010-89880682



[上海站] 2016年10月20-22日

咨询热线: 010-64738142





Price Lookup

Search for price estimates for any property in Australia, even if it's not on the market.



Discover

Finding it difficult to find the right house, right place and with the right price?

AFFORDABILITY SEARCH



Find an Agent

Choose an experienced agent with local expertise to help sell your home.

GET STARTED

TRY IT NOW

English

首页

澳洲住宅

澳洲商业地产

探索澳洲城区

购房资讯 ▼

联系我们



热门地区

合 住宅

闘 商业地产



niin.







7 Dev in Melbourne

4 Dev in ThoughtWorks, Xi'an



2:50 PM





Мар

Q Magnetic Island, QLD 4819

properties to buy I rent \$ any price I any many any any



14 Fairbank Place

Magnetic Island 4819



F= 4 = 4 = 6

House

\$2,500,000 - \$2,700,000 Feel the tropical breeze...



386 East Beach Rd

Magnetic Island 4819



Terrace

\$565,500

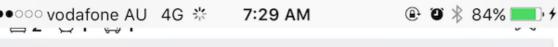
East coast living at its best!

Edgecliff Real Estate - Brisbane

1902/23 Hidden Lane

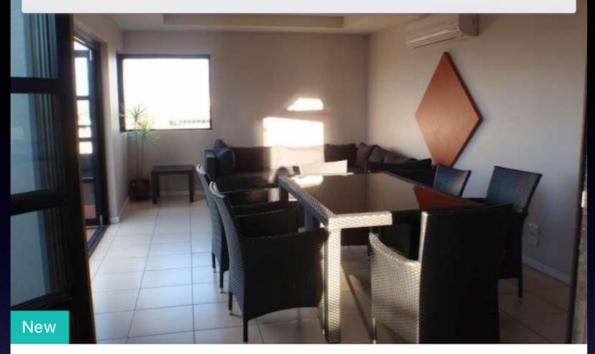
Magnetic Island 4819

2010.12.16









\$390,000

605/251 Hay Street, East Perth 6004

△1 ⊸1 ⇔1



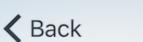


\$425,000

18/152 Fitzgerald Street, Perth 6000



●●○○ vodafone AU 4G









∦ 85% - +



7:33 AM

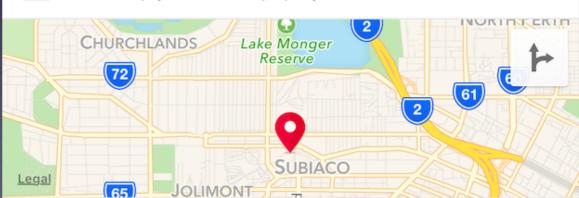
Buyers guide \$500's

Apartment 3/1 Roydhouse Street, Subiaco, WA, 6008

Mortgage Calculator







Modern Charm in Central Subi

SET DATE SALE - Genuine sale, will be sold with all offers presented by 5:00pm Monday 9th May, unless sold prior. The owner reserves the right to accept an offer prior to the end date.

Email Agent



真实世界的故事

一切从CoreData开始

Core Data Migrations

Jacki Li edited this page on Apr 29, 2015 · 9 revisions

Cataloging a new database version and testing your migration doesn't cause regressions

Background: we have a fixture database we use in RESI's unit test suite that we continually run upgrade tests against. After you add a new model you need to to take the previous version of the fixture database, load it up in the Simulator so it's automatically migrated, take a copy and place it into the test suite so it can be upgraded in the future.

Steps

- Clean your iOS 8.x simulator.
- Build and Run RESI-Internal on the lowest supported version(iOS 8.x, iPhone 4S) of the iOS simulator. This creates a clean db in the app group container, along with sqlite log handlers.
- Remove the sqlite log files, Database.sqlite-shm, Database.sqlite-wal. rm
 ~/Library/Developer/CoreSimulator/Devices/CBA0C38C-EDED-48FB-B208 04543D12D7CC/data/Containers/Shared/AppGroup/80FA4FC6-040C-4569-A681 0B61664763AC/Database.sqlite-* (To get the directory of the file, you can set a breakpoint on the init method of RADCoreDataManager and then run the app, and the storeURL is what you want.)

Replace the CoreData store created by the app

~/Library/Developer/CoreSimulator/Devices/CBA0C38C-EDED-48FB-B20804543D12D7CC/data/Containers/Shared/AppGroup/80FA4FC6-040C-4569-A6810B61664763AC/Database.sqlite with the most recent test database. EG:
apps/realestate/test/fixtures/Database_Model_v9.sqlite.

```
cp apps/realestate/test/fixtures/Database_model_v9.sqlite ~/Library/Developer/CoreSi
```

- Disconnect your machine from the network / Internet.
- Prevent the app from removing un-bookmarked listings automatically by commenting out some code form RESIAppDelegate.m.

```
- (void)configureCoreDataAndLoadAppChrome {
    ...
    /**
    * TODO: Comment out these lines below
    */
    [[RADPropertyList inactiveBookmarkedListingsInManagedObjectContext:self.coreDataMa[self.coreDataManager.managedObjectContext saveAndLogError];
    ...
}
```

- Build and Run RESI-Internal again.
- Copy Database.sqlite out of the Simulator's Documents directory back into realestate/test/fixtures under the name of the new database model.

```
cp Database.sqlite ~/Xcode/REA/mobile-core-ios/apps/realestate/test/fixtures/Databas
```

- Add the new Database fixture file to the project, adding it to the Resi-Tests target.
- Add the new version to the large for loop in DatabaseMigrationSpec.m

```
for (NSString *database in @[@"Database_model_v1", @"Database_model_v2", @"Database
```

Alter the test accordingly.

Note

The point of the test is to test the *end result* of migrating each previous version to the current version. As new elements are added (or removed) in future versions, this test should be expecting that things are added or removed from the previous version when migrated to the current one.

Core Data Migrations Pt. 2 Adding a new CoreData Mode Version

Angus McInnes edited this page on Sep 1, 2015 · 3 revisions

These are the instructions to add a new core data version into RESI. Follow the instructions carefully and check with Jesse and Anthony if you're unsure about anything mentioned. Feel free to add gotchas, or notes to these pages.

New Data Model Versions and working on master

It's incredibly important to be aware that we should only ever have **one** model version change per release. While in development between releases **all** changes should go in **one*** data model version. The moment a model version is put into a release it will need to be supported and tested going forward. After a release any subsequent changes must go in a new version, and

The goal is to reduce the number of new core data versions we create as it increases the complexity of the migration user's devices must go through.

Changing the structure of of Transformable data types

The Listing and ProjectListing entities have a number of Transformable properties - if you change the format of these you MUST make sure you test the upgrade path, as incompatible deserialisation will cause crashes.

Toggling Core Data Migrations and New Versions

There is still a lot of discussion to be had on this topic, and no immediate solution has been discussed at this stage.

Create the new datamodeld file and and a custom migration

- Select RESI-Domain-Model.xcdatamodeld
 - o Editor -> Add Model Version...
 - Increment the version number by one (eg: Resi-Domain-Model 8) and base it on the previous version.

Select the new .datamodeld file in the Project Navigator and head to the File Inspector (Command + Option + 1) - Set Core Data Model Identifier to ModelVersion8 - Change the Current Model Version to the new 'Resi-Domain-Model 8' - Make sure it's added to the RESI-DomainResources target.

You can setup new models, migrations ahead of time but release a new 'Current Model Version' unless it's needed. If your feature is toggled off, make sure not to release with the newer model version.

2. Make required changes to your model

- Make the appropriate changes to your model.
- Run fastlane mogenerator to update any of the base classes.

Mogenerator Notes

Mogenerator will create the 'machine' class and the main class if they don't exist. If they do
exist it will only update the machine file.

If you need to add new Entities

Give each new entity an appropriate class name like RADListingWidget and entity name without the prefix. EG: ListingWidget

Running make mogenerator will create new machine files in common/RESI-Domain/RESI-Domain/src that start with an underscore eg: _RADListingWidget.h/m as well as the actual classes you defined in the core data model.

 Make sure you add the new classes to the RESI-Domain target under Source/Models/_Generated and the main classes where appropriate.

₀3. Fix existing broken / deprecated tests; Add the failing upgrade unit tests

Documentation for the migration tests is outlined in Core Data Migrations Pt 1

If your change is not supported by the light weight migrations available in Core Data you must create a manual migration.

Note that for simple changes to the data model, like adding an entity or optional attribute, lightweight migrations are great. They're extremely easy to set up which is why the topic won't be brought up in this article. To find out what kind of changes are supported by lightweight migrations and which are not, take a look at the official documentation. Objc.io Issue 4

3. Add a new Mapping Model

The mapping model defines what data will be migrated from one version to another. If you are using a mapping model it must be complete, there is no inferred behavior.

- Create a new file under RESI-Domain/Source/Models/Migrations of type 'Mapping Model'.
 - Choose the source and target model. Your new model is the target.
 - Name the new file RESI-Domain-Model-Map[source]-[target]
 - Add the new file to the RESI-DomainResources target

The new model will be filled with the inferred model mappings where possible.

Custom Migration Policies - A worked example

The most advanced migration in the RESI code base to date is mapping model 4-5. It required custom policies to filter the duplicated bookmarked listings, searches and place the distinct bookmarked listings in RADPropertyList objects and make the connections.

When you define a custom policy, your custom object that subclasses

NSEntityMigrationPolicy is given a chance to turn the old NSManagedObject instance into a compatible NSManagedObject. It is passed all the context required, and the documentation for NSEntityMigrationPolicy highlights the gotchas.

NB: It's probably noting that calling super in these two methods (createDestinationInstancesForSourceInstance:entityMapping:manager:error: and createRelationshipsForDestinationInstance:entityMapping:manager:error:) is what creates the association between the old and the new model version, not returning YES.

The case I'm documenting here (Model 7 to 8) needs to move three fields from RADListing to a new object containing those fields. There may also be some translations required to the fields. The new entity I've added is 'ListingPrice'.

Since the listing model is dropping two fields and gaining a relationship, we need to migrate the relationship. By default the relationship Value Expression will be blank. We need to set this to use the ListingToListing mapping.

The migration from 7-8 will use the same properties set on ListingToListing in 4-5.

- Custom Policy: RADListingToListingPolicy
- Filter Predicate : (blank)
- User Info: Key: modelVersion Value: 8

```
FUNCTION($manager, "destinationInstancesForSourceRelationshipNamed:sourceInstances:"
```

Add your custom migration inside RadListingToListingPolicy within a check for version 8.

Follow the same pattern in

createRelationshipsForDestinationInstance:entityMapping:manager:error: if your migration needs a relationship added.

new entities don't need an entitity mapping

Domain test /fixtures /

//on iOS 6 - upgrade the V6 DB to V7. Disable network, disable app delegate method to 'clear inactive bookmarks' Commit DB to

Add Migration Spec.

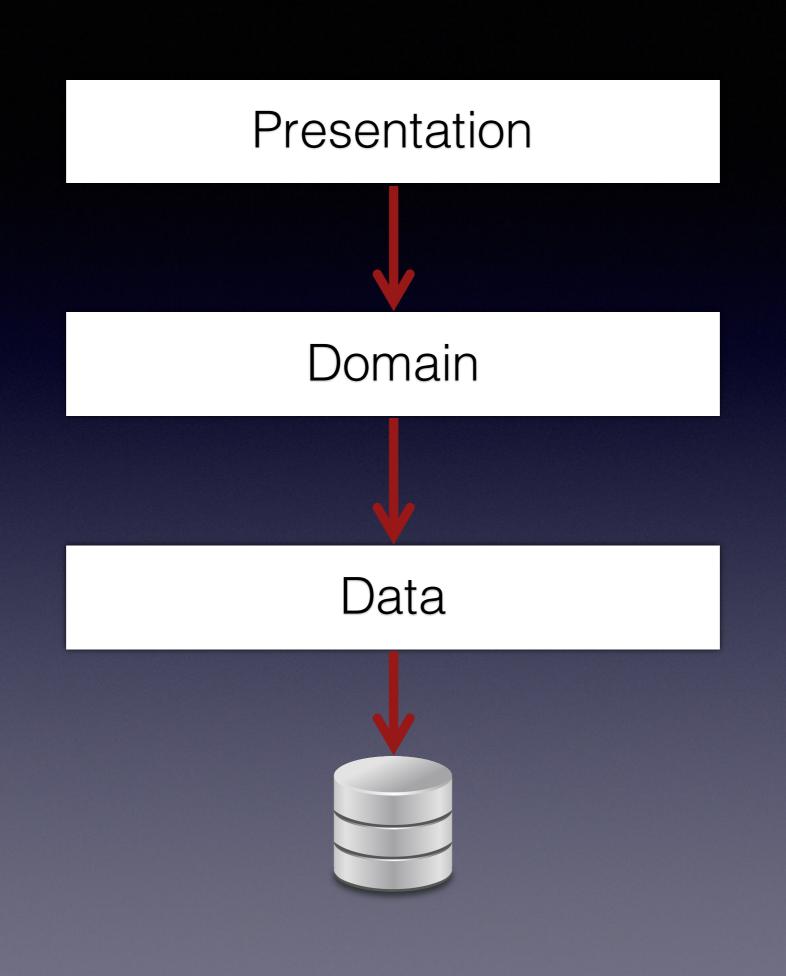
copy into app, disable code that deletes inactive listings



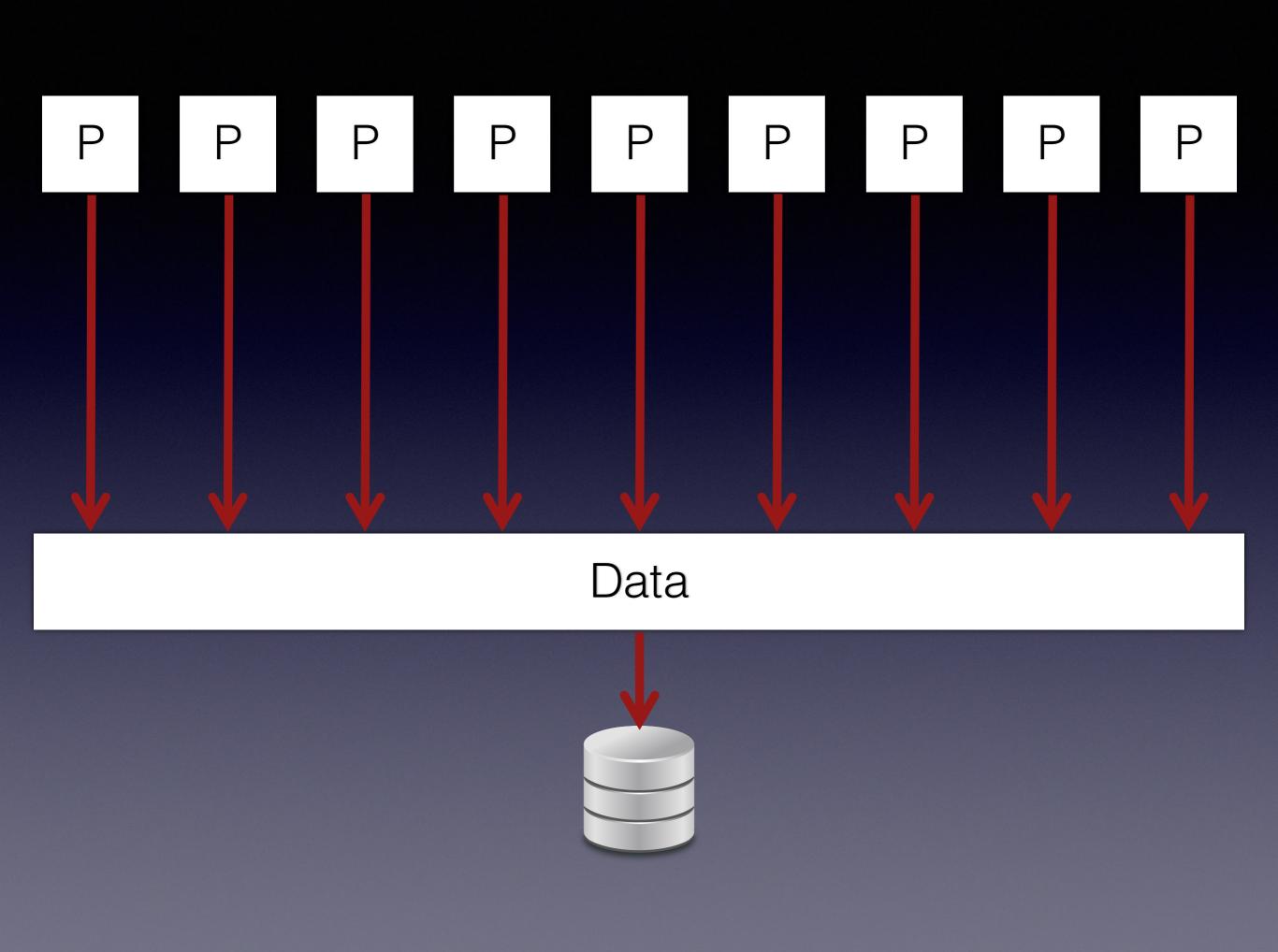




正常的三层结构是这样的







方式一: ViewController直接读写数据

```
- (instancetype)initWithManagedObjectContext:(NSManagedObjectContext *)context
{
    self = [super init];
    if (self)
    {
        _managedObjectContext = context;
        [self configureFetchedResultsControllerForOpenTimes];
}

    return self;
}

- (void)configureFetchedResultsControllerForOpenTimes
{
    AssertWithMessage(self.managedObjectContext, @"We shouldn't get to here before the MOC has been created");
    NSDate *todayDate = [NSDate date];
    NSFetchRequest *fetchRequest = [NSFetchRequest fetchRequestForSavedPropertyEventsOnDate:todayDate inManagedObjectContext:self.managedObjectContext];
```

return [self.fetchedResultsController.fetchedObjects filteredArrayUsingPredicate:predicate];

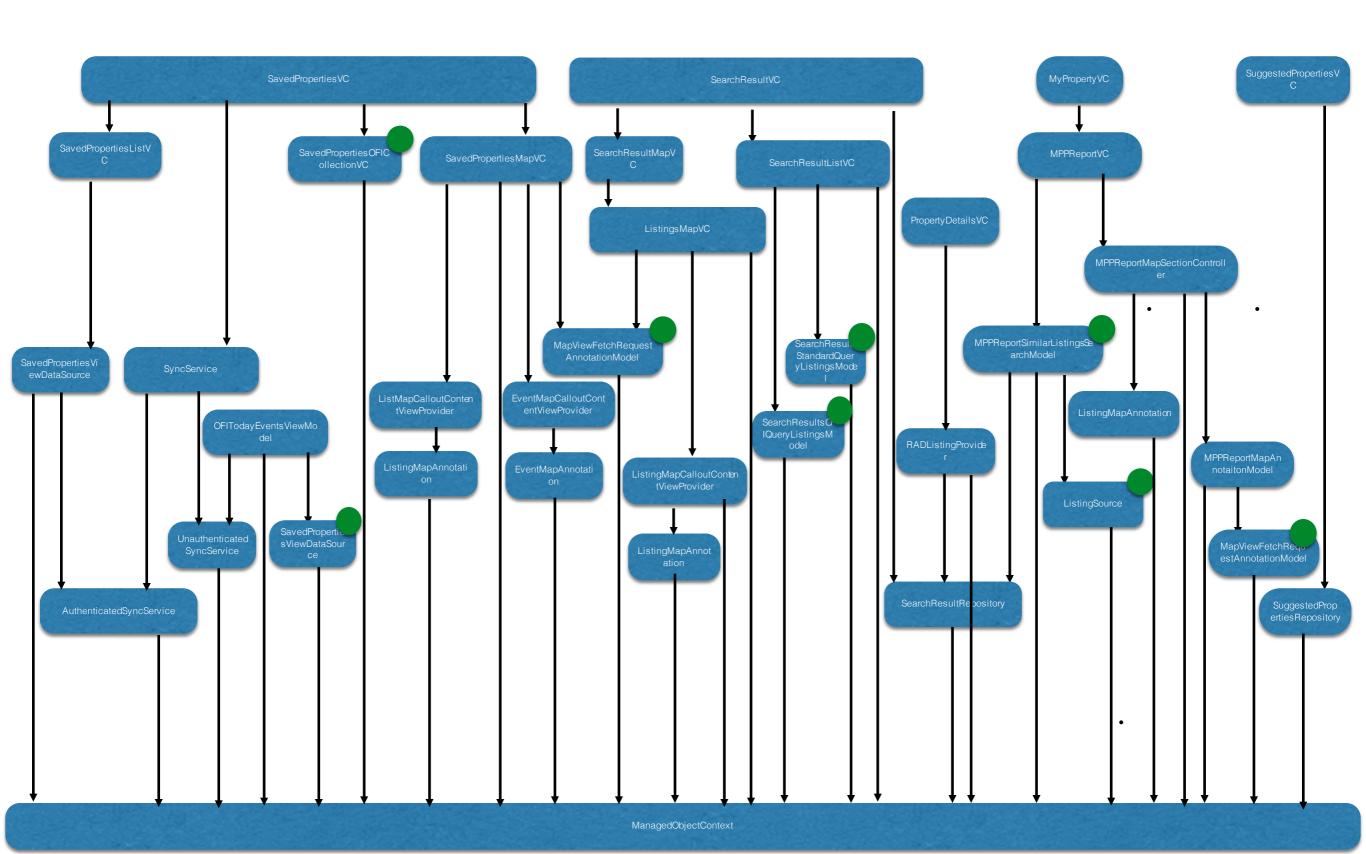
```
- (NSArray *)getUpcomingEvents
{
    [NSFetchedResultsController deleteCacheWithName:NSStringFromClass(self.class)];
    NSError *error;
    if (![self.fetchedResultsController performFetch:&error])
    {
        [NSException raise:NSInternalInconsistencyException format:@"fetch error: %@", [error userInfo]];
    }
    NSPredicate *predicate = [NSPredicate predicateWithFormat:@"endDateTime > %@", [NSDate dateWithTimeIntervalSinceNow:-k0FITodayViewEventExpiredTimeInterval]];
    return [self.fetchedResultsController.fetchedObjects filteredArrayUsingPredicate:predicate];
}
- (BOOL)hasSavedProperties
{
    return [RADPropertyList activeBookmarkedListingsInManagedObjectContext:self.managedObjectContext].listings.count > 0;
}
```

方式二: ViewController作为Delegate存在

```
(void)configureFetchedResultsController
 fetchRequest.entity = [NSEntityDescription entityForName:[RADEvent entityName] inManagedObjectContext:self.managedObjectContext];
 fetchRequest.fetchBatchSize = 20;
 fetchRequest.predicate = [NSPredicate predicateWithFormat:@"scheduled == YES AND listing != nil"];
 self.fetchedResultsController = [[NSFetchedResultsController alloc] initWithFetchRequest:fetchRequest
                                                             managedObjectContext:self.managedObjectContext
                                                               sectionNameKeyPath:nil
 [self performFetch];
#pragma mark - NSFetchedResultsControllerDelegate
    (void)controllerDidChangeContent:(NSFetchedResultsController *)controller
    [self animateDataChange];
              @YES, startOfDate, startOfNextDate];
 return fetchRequest;
#pragma mark - NSFetchedResultsController

    (void)performFetch

  [NSFetchedResultsController deleteCacheWithName:NSStringFromClass(self.class)];
 if (![self.fetchedResultsController performFetch:&error])
```



40+ NSManagedObjects









理想很丰满现实很骨感



长时间无法交付

范围失去控制



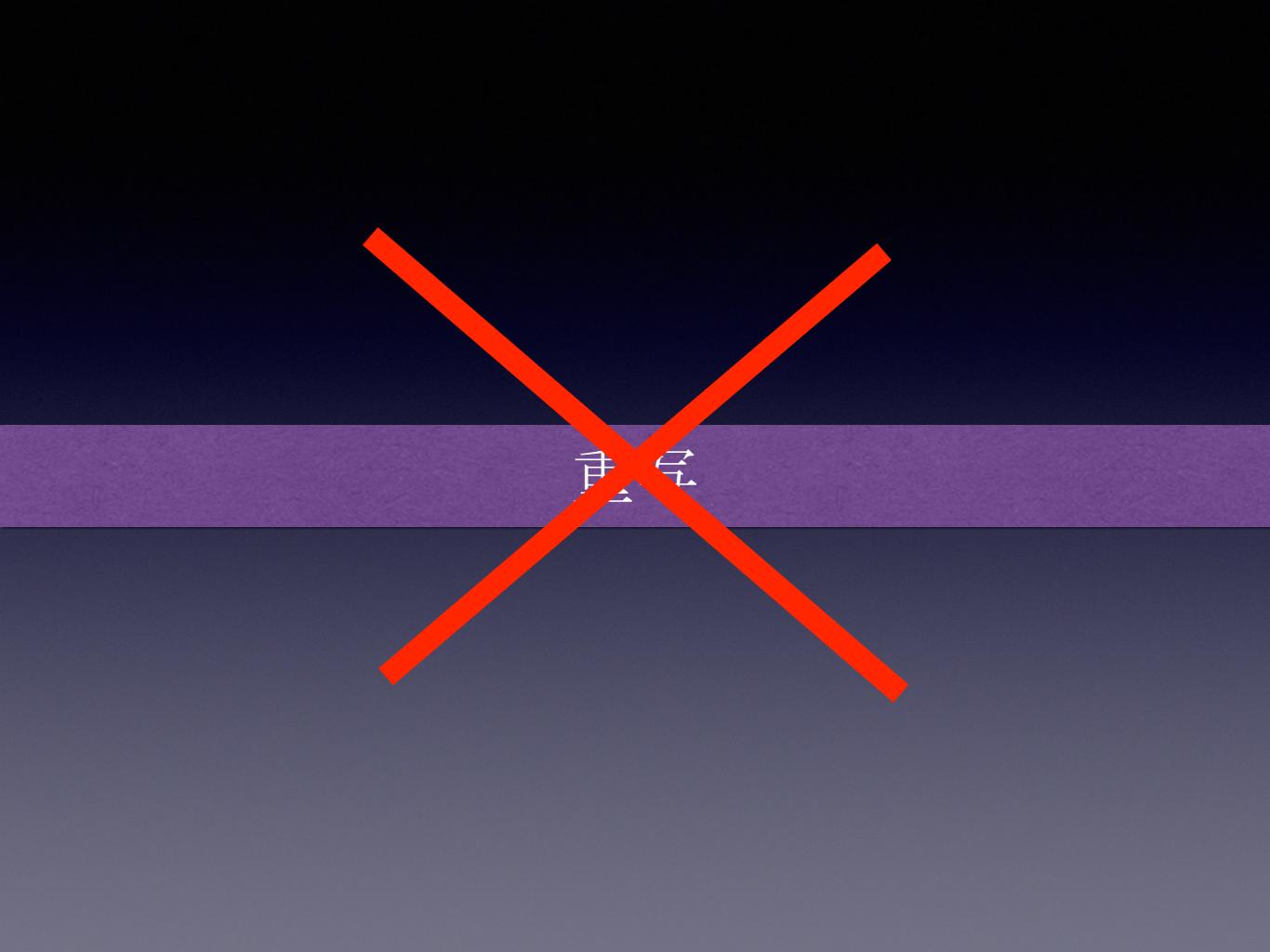
Elsa, do you wanna rewrite the app?



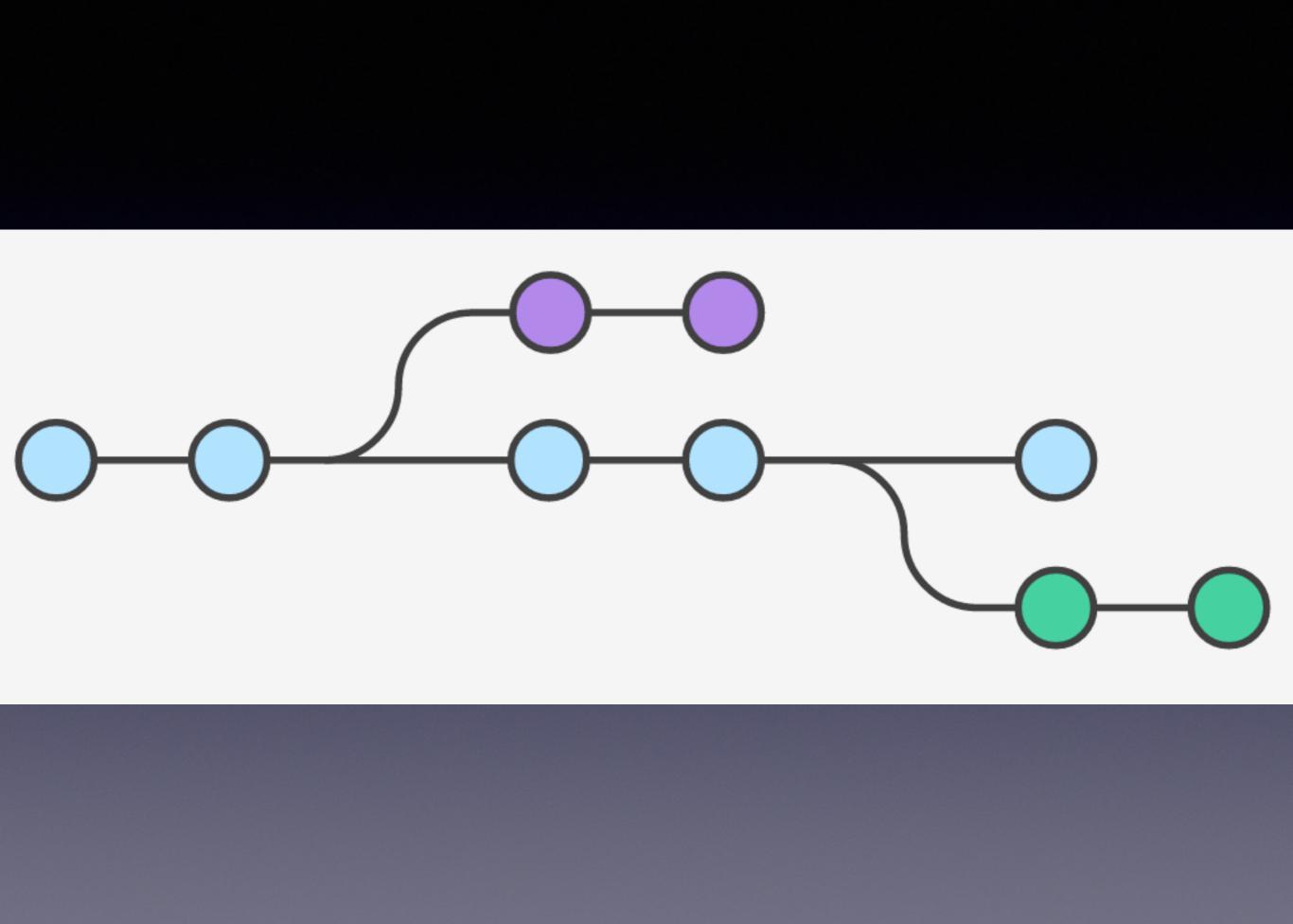
Go away, Anna



Ok, bye













- 23. A single CI instance for all teams new
- 24. Big Data envy new
- 25. Gitflow

We firmly believe that long-lived version-control branches harm valuable engineering practices such as continuous integration, and this belief underlies our dislike for **Gitflow**. We love the flexibility of Git underneath but abhor tools that encourage bad engineering practices. Very short-lived branches hurt less, but most teams we see using Gitflow feel empowered to abuse its branch-heavy workflow, which encourages late integration (therefore discouraging true continuous integration).



特性人支



抽象分支(Branch by abstraction)

Branch by abstraction is a technique for making large-scale changes to a system without disrupting its operations.

http://martinfowler.com/bliki/BranchByAbstraction.html

调用者

调用者

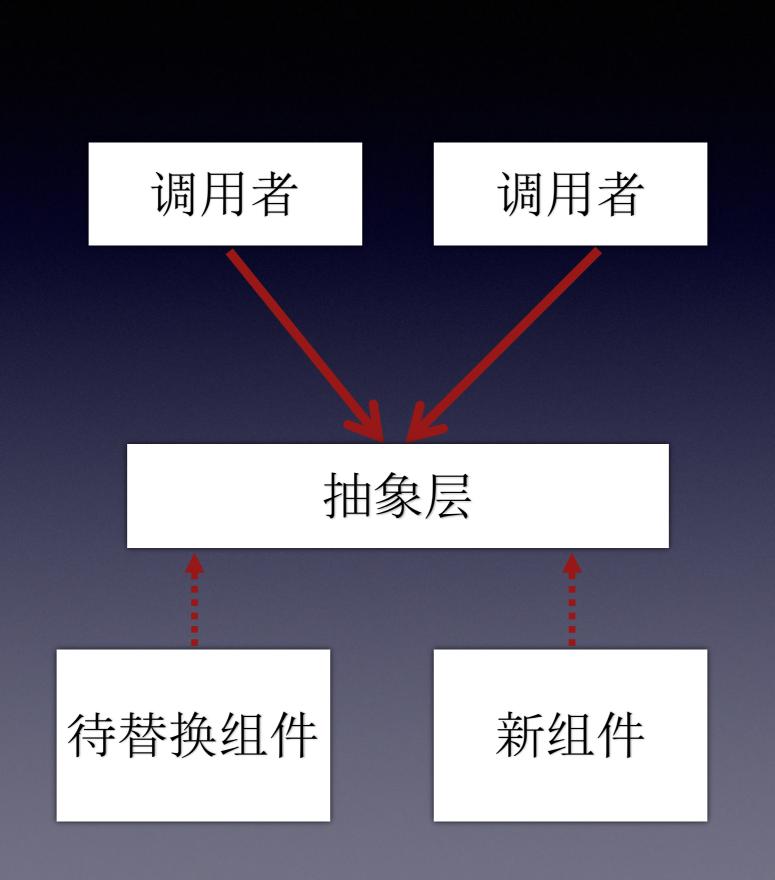
待替换组件

调用者

调用者

抽象层

待替换组件



调用者

调用者

抽象层

新组件

现有功能不受影响

每次提交均可合并到主干

用单元测试和集成测试验证新组件



```
(UIStoryboard *)searchResultsStoryboard
NSString *storyBoardName;
if ([REAToggle shouldDisplayNewSearchResultsScreen])
  storyBoardName = @"SearchResultsNewStoryboard";
else
  storyBoardName = @"SearchResultsStoryboard";
UIStoryboard *storyboard = [UIStoryboard storyboardWithName:storyBoardName
                                                      bundle:nil];
return storyboard;
```

方案1: GCC_PREPROCESSOR_DEFINITIONS

```
#ifdef INTERNAL_TARGET
#define isInternalTarget YES
#else
#define isInternalTarget NO
#endif
@implementation REAToggle
  (BOOL)shouldDisplayNewSearchResultsScreen
  return isInternalTarget;
```

所有人都基于主干开发

用户看不到未完成的功能

方案2: NSUserDefaults

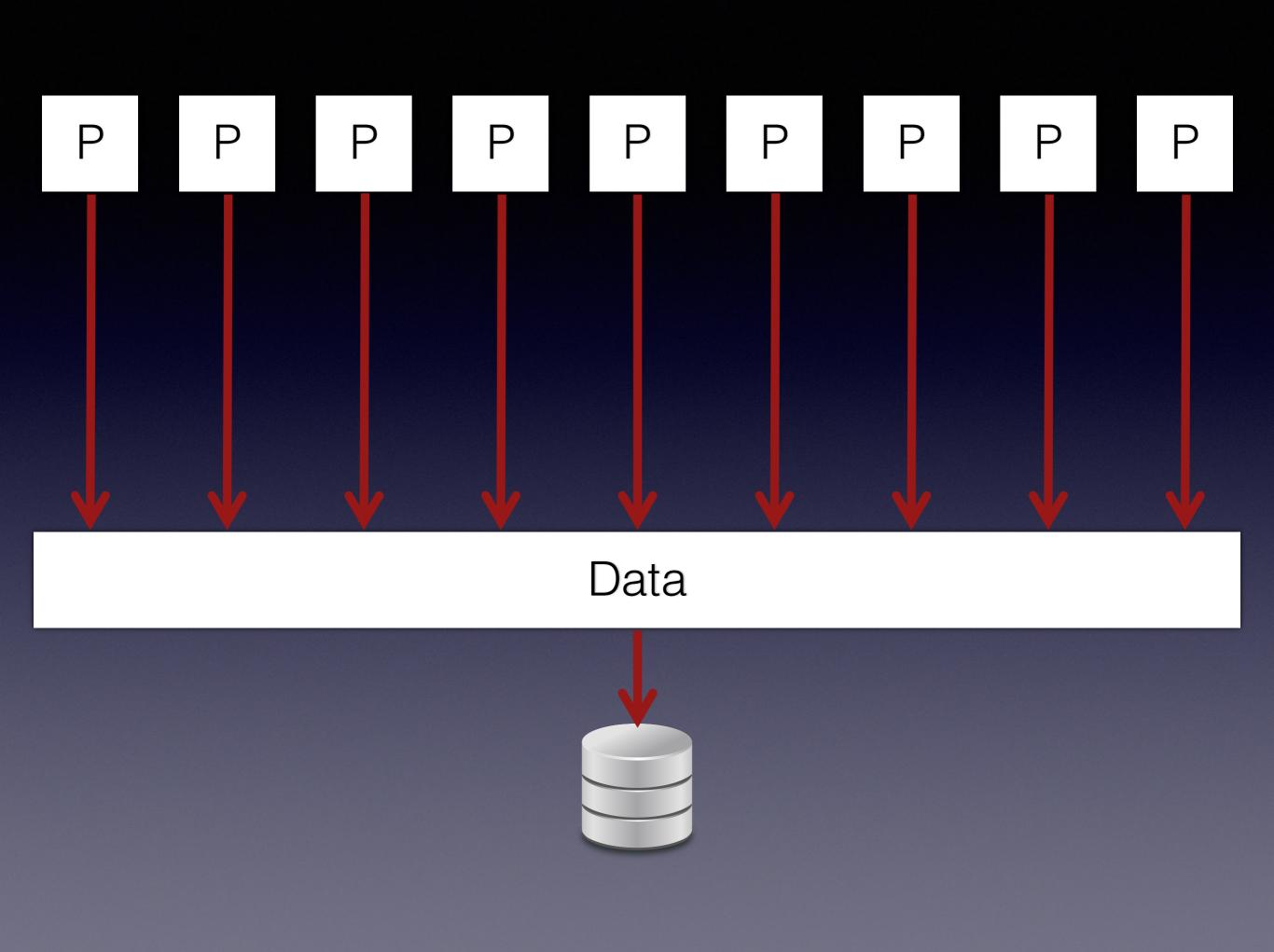
≺ Back	REA Toggles	
Let it go, let it go		
Can't hold it back anymore		
Let it go, let it go		
Switch to Realm and slam the door		

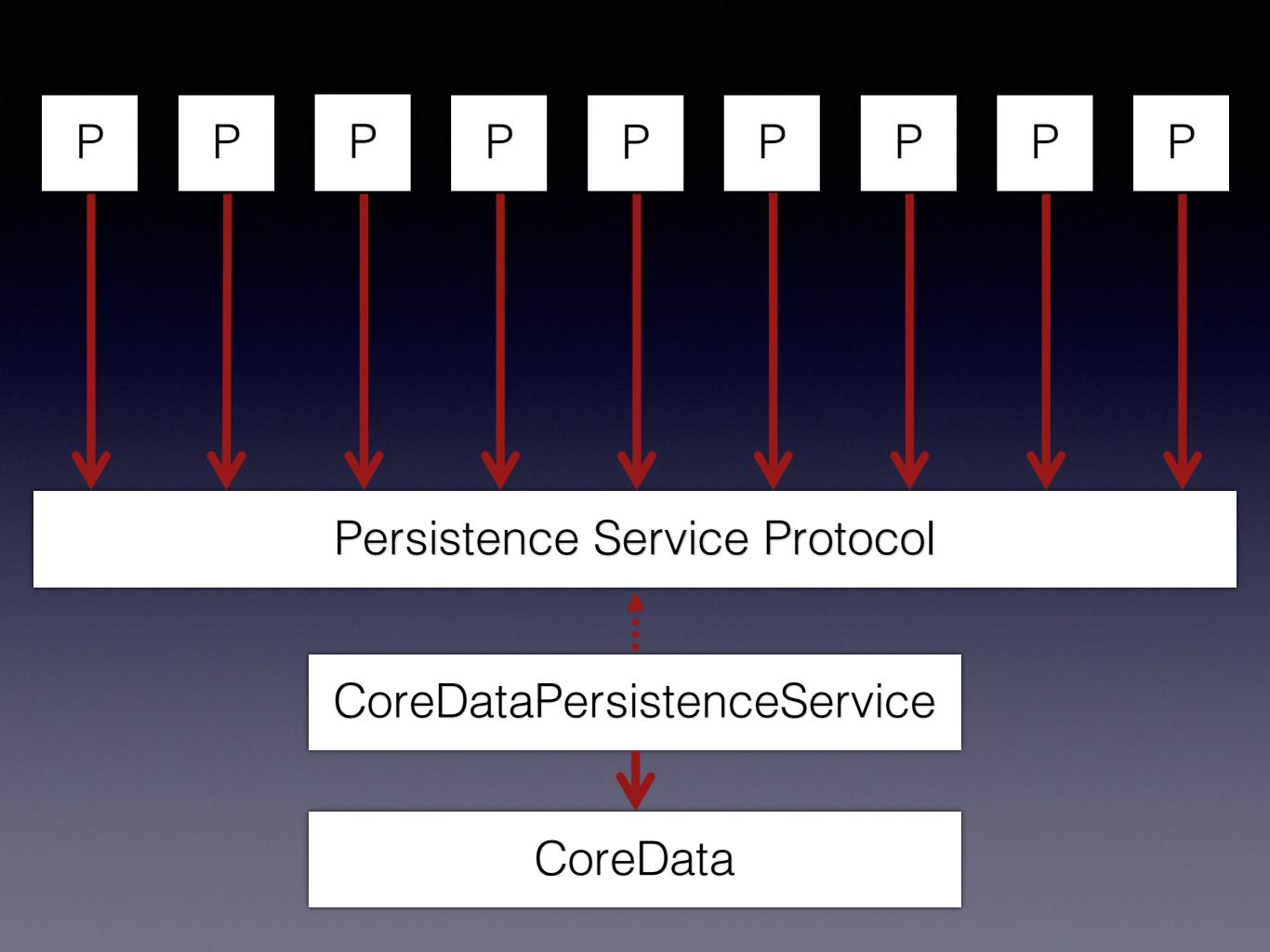
方案3: 调用后台服务

方案4: A/B测试框架

抽象分支 + 特性开关

建立数据访问层





```
@protocol REAPersistenceService<NSObject>
(BOOL)shouldDoMigration;
- (void)migrateWithCompletion:(void (^)(B00L success))completion;
- (void)setupDB;
- (void)flushAndSave;
- (void)reset;
(void)clearInactiveBookmarks;
 (NSSet *)allSavedProperties;
  (NSArray *)listingsWithSource:(NSArray *)source;
```

方式一: ViewController直接读写数据

```
(instancetype)initWithManagedObjectContext:(NSManagedObjectContext *)context
self = [super init];
if (self)
  _managedObjectContext = context;
  [self configureFetchedResultsControllerForOpenTimes];
return self;
(void)configureFetchedResultsControllerForOpenTimes
AssertWithMessage(self.managedObjectContext, @"We shouldn't get to here before the MOC has been created");
NSDate *todayDate = [NSDate date];
NSFetchRequest *fetchRequest = [NSFetchRequest fetchRequestForSavedPropertyEventsOnDate:todayDate
                    inManagedObjectContext:self.managedObjectContext];
self.fetchedResultsController = [[NSFetchedResultsController alloc]
                    initWithFetchRequest:fetchRequest
                    managedObjectContext:self.managedObjectContext
                    sectionNameKeyPath:@"timeSpan"
                    cacheName:NSStringFromClass(self.class)];
(NSArray *)getUpcomingEvents
[NSFetchedResultsController deleteCacheWithName:NSStringFromClass(self.class)];
NSError *error;
if (![self.fetchedResultsController performFetch:&error])
  [NSException raise:NSInternalInconsistencyException format:@"fetch error: %@", [error userInfo]];
NSPredicate *predicate = [NSPredicate predicateWithFormat:@"endDateTime > %@", [NSDate dateWithTimeIntervalSinceNow:-
kOFITodayViewEventExpiredTimeInterval]];
return [self.fetchedResultsController.fetchedObjects filteredArrayUsingPredicate:predicate];
(BOOL)hasSavedProperties
return [RADPropertyList activeBookmarkedListingsInManagedObjectContext:self.managedObjectContext].listings.count > 0;
```

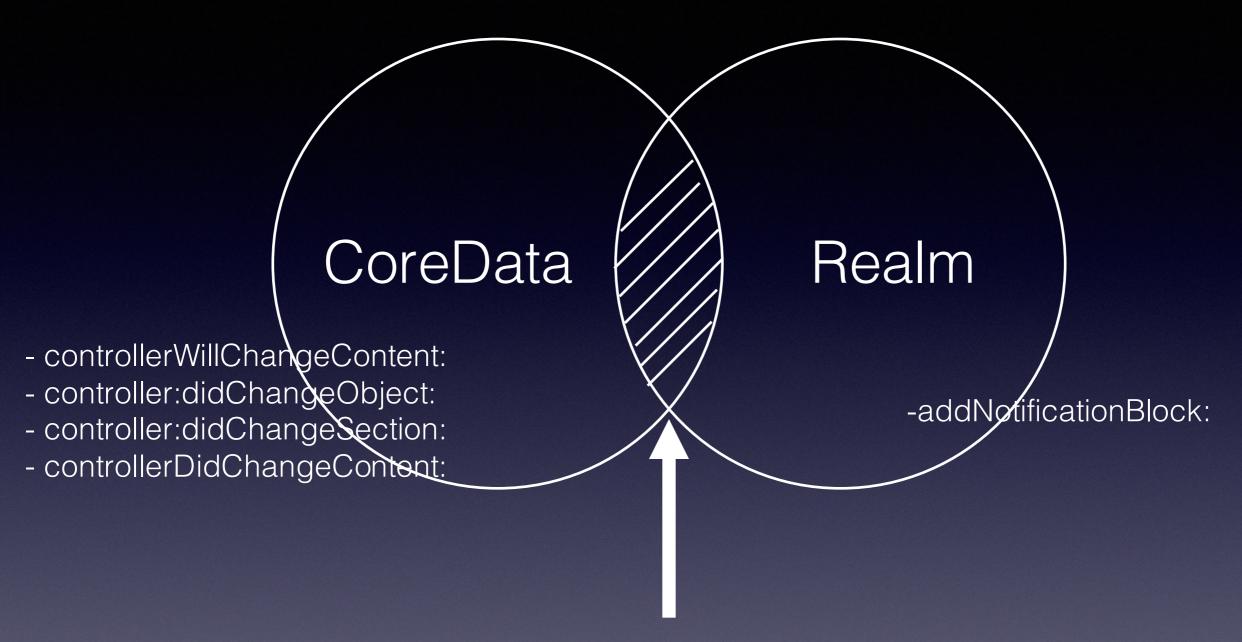
```
- (NSArray *)getUpcomingEvents
{
   return [self.persistenceService getTodayUpcomingEvents];
}
```

方式二: ViewController作为Delegate存在

- controllerWillChangeContent:
- controller:didChangeObject:
- controller:didChangeSection:
- controllerDidChangeContent:

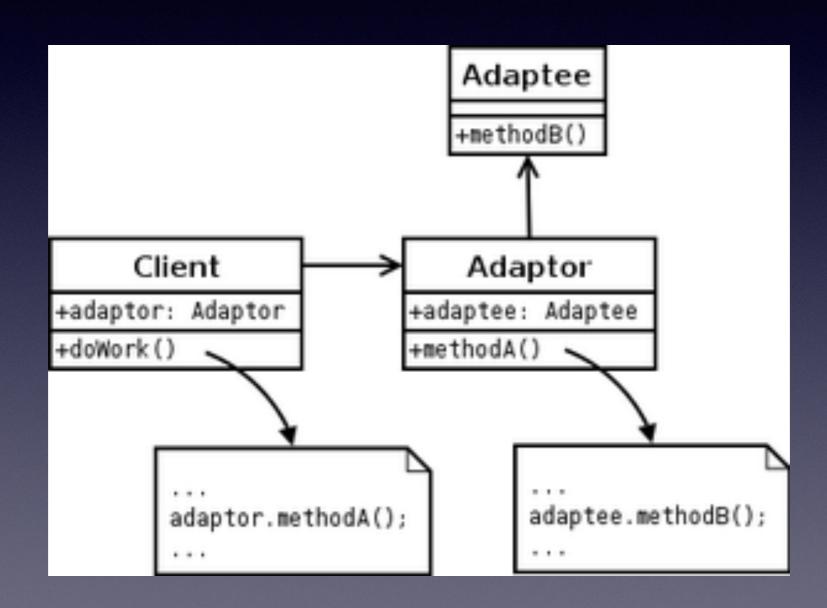
VS

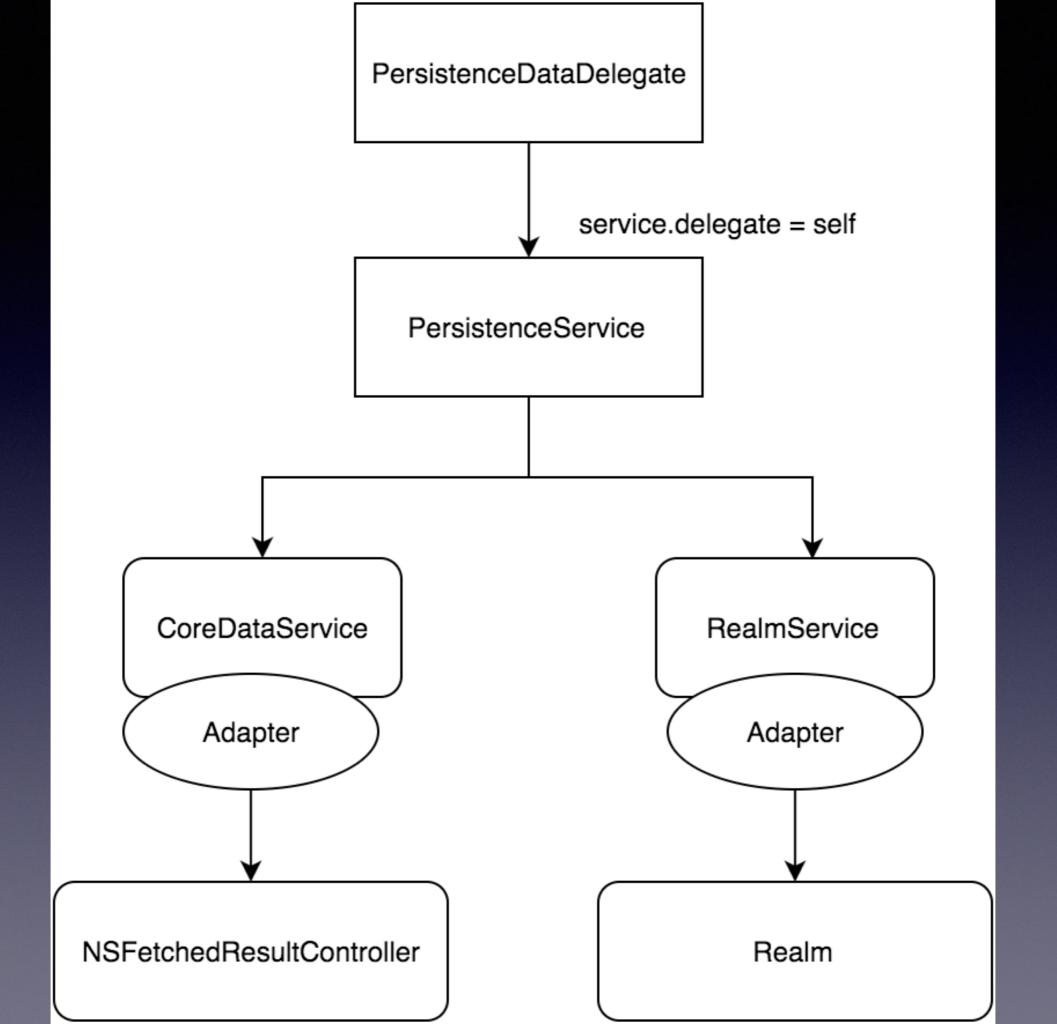
-addNotificationBlock:



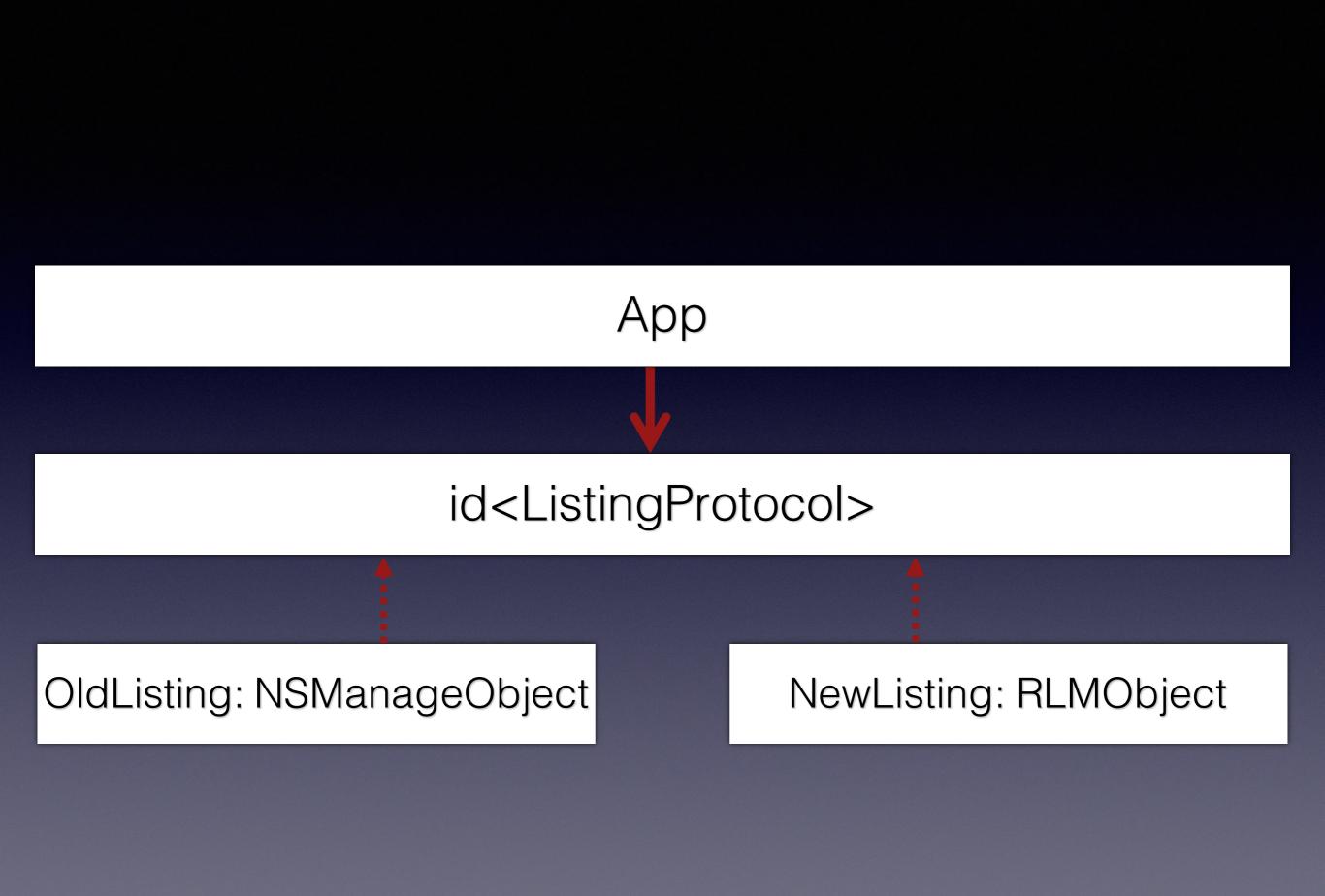
- contentDidChange:(id)content

Adapter模式



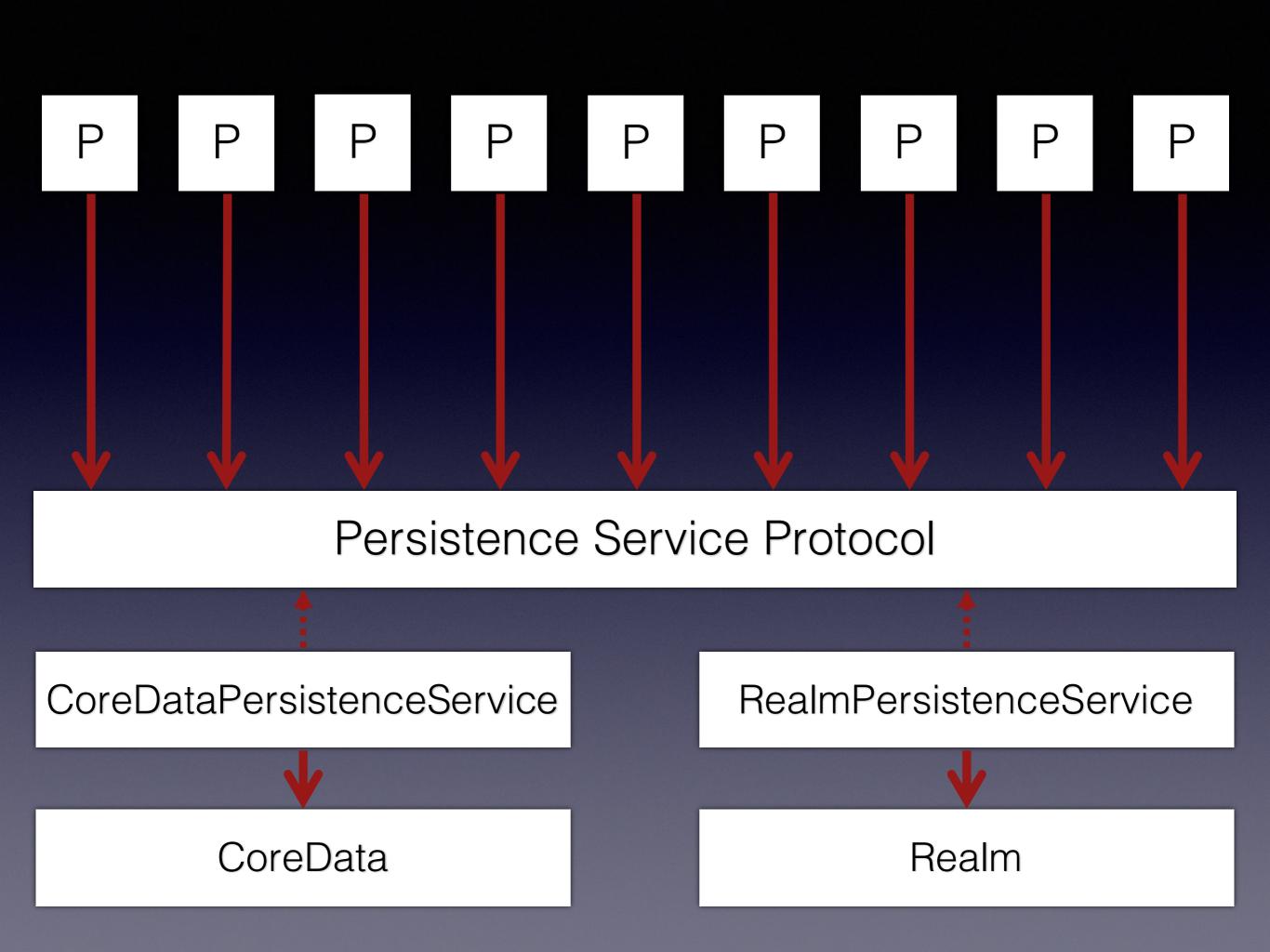


为数据对象 提取协议



为数据对象 提取协议

为数据对象 提取协议 新的持久化 服务



```
@implementation REAPersistenceServiceFactory
+ (id<REAPersistenceService>)service
  if ([REAToggle isUsingCoreData])
    return [REACoreDataPersistenceService sharedInstance];
  else
    return [REARealmPersistenceService sharedInstance];
@end
```



当心坑洞

不支持级联删除

不支持多态

难以理解的反向关联

为数据对象 提取协议 新的持久化 服务

为数据对象 提取协议 新的持久化 服务

打开开关, 内测

为数据对象 提取协议 3. New persistence service

打开开关, 内测

数据迁移

为数据对象 提取协议 新的持久化 服务

打开开关, 内测

数据迁移

后续清理

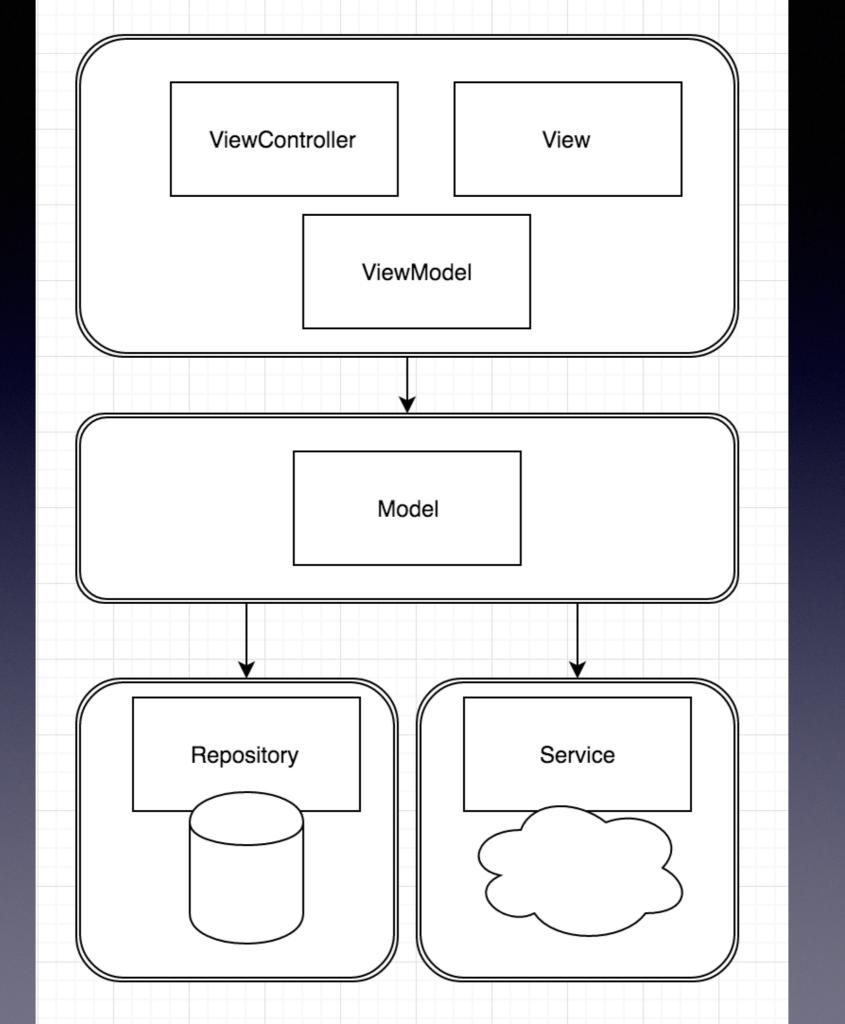
为数据对象提取协议

新的持久化 服务

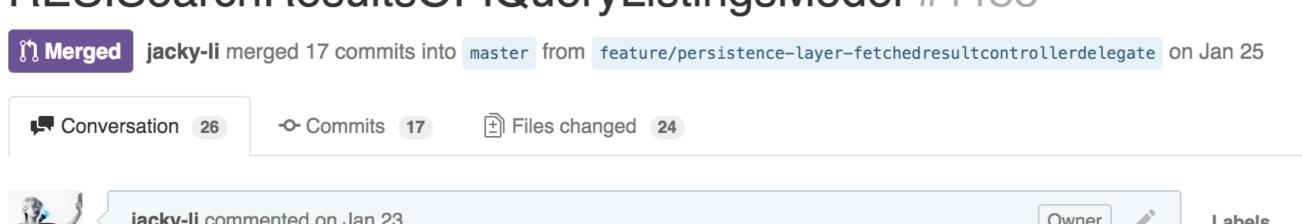
打开开关, 内测

数据迁移

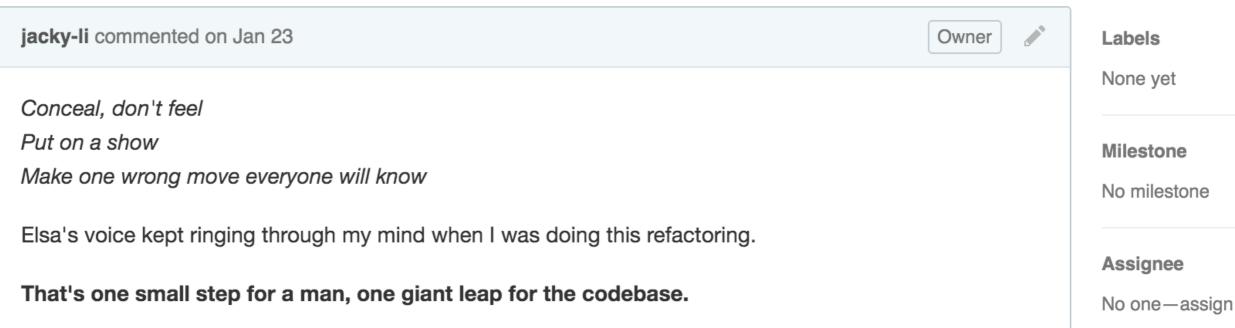
后续清理



persistence layer - RESISearchResultsOFIQueryListingsModel #1156





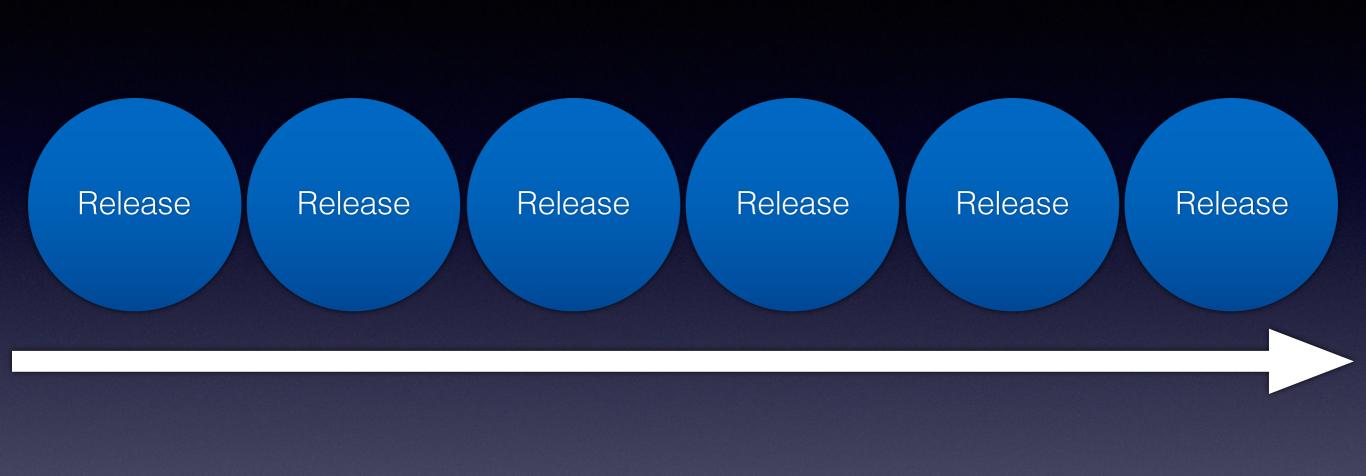


persistence layer -RESISearchResultsOFIQueryListingsModel #1156



No one-assign

合并了100+ Pull Requests





fears that once controlled me can't get to me at all



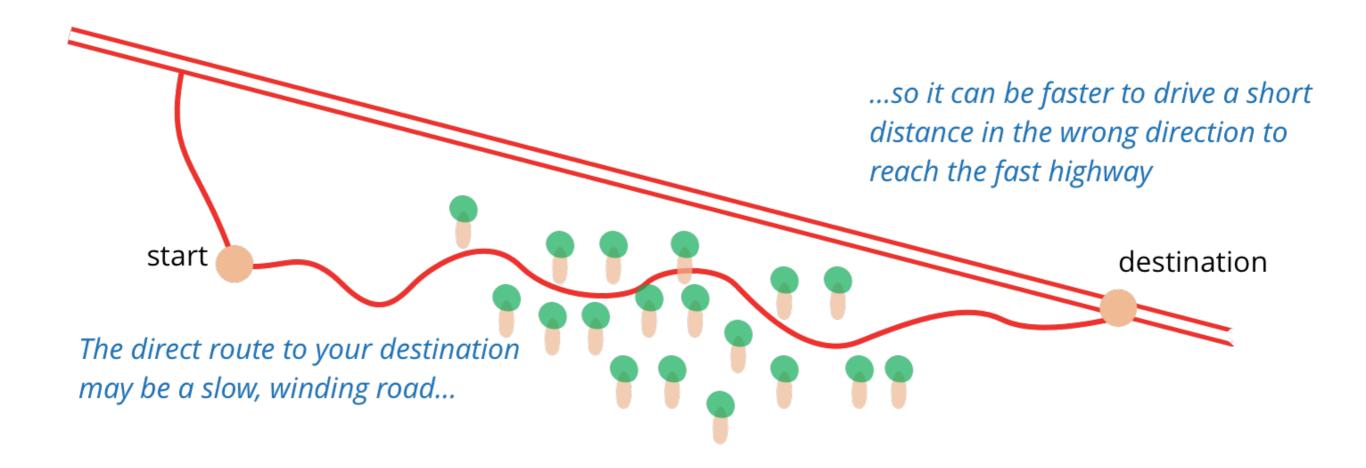












http://martinfowler.com/articles/preparatory-refactoring-example/

也要谨慎



make one wrong move everyone will know

正确的重构手法+大量的测试覆盖

抽象分支+特性开关

设计会过时,但是设计原则不会



CoreData never bother me anyway

Thank you!